WEST VIRGINIA MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN THE MATTER OF: THE INVESTIGATION OF THE APRIL 5, 2010 MINE EXPLOSION AT UPPER BIG BRANCH MINE The interview of MICHAEL P. WEBB, taken upon oral examination, before Jenny Marmol, Court Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of West Virginia, Friday, February 11th, 2011, at the Mine Academy, 1301 Airport Road, Beaver, West Virginia. JOHNNY JACKSON & ASSOCIATES, INC. 606 Virginia Street, East Charleston, WV 25301 (304) 346-8340

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1	MR. KOERBER: Let's go on the record,
2	please. My name is Barry Koerber. I'm the
3	Assistant Attorney General assigned to the West
4	Virginia Office of Miners' Health, Safety and
5	Training and through their UBB Accident
6	Investigation Team.
7	Today is Friday, February the 11th, 2011.
8	Beginning at my left, I'm going to ask the
9	people on the offside of the table to introduce
10	themselves and state who they're with.
11	MR. O'BRIEN: John O'Brien with the West
12	Virginia Office of Miners' Health, Safety and
13	Training.
14	MR. PAGE: Norman Page with MSHA.
15	MR. CRIPPS: Dean Cripps with MSHA.
16	MS. HAMPTON: Polly Hampton, Solicitor's
17	Office for the Department of Labor.
18	MR. BECK: Jim Beck with the Governor's
19	Independent Team.
20	MR. KOERBER: We also have a court
21	reporter here who will be taking down everything
22	that's said today.
23	Just a couple real quick ground rules.
24	Please answer verbally, using, like,

1	"yeses" and "nos," as opposed to nods of your head
2	or "uh-huhs," "uh-uhs."
3	And also, please allow the question to be
4	asked before you begin your answer, and I'm going
5	to ask that the interviewers please allow you to
6	finish your answer before they ask a question so we
7	don't have people speaking over each other.
8	The court reporter is with a court
9	reporter firm known as Johnny Jackson &
10	Associates. I'm going to give you their business
11	card.
12	Johnny Jackson & Associates is a court
13	reporter firm in Charleston, West Virginia, and
14	they are operating they're taking the words that
15	are said here today and typing it onto paper in a
16	three-day turnaround period of time.
17	This being Friday, they should have it
18	done sometime Wednesday, which would mean come
19	Thursday, or any day thereafter, if you would like
20	to review your transcript and be given an errata
21	sheet where you can make corrections to errors that
22	you may find in the transcript, you may do so. And
23	you may do that by yourself, or you may do that
24	with your attorney.

But if you choose to do that, you need to 1 call Johnny Jackson & Associates, set up a time 2 that is convenient to all, where you would go into 3 their office and they would put you in a conference 4 room where you could read the transcript and make 5 corrections on the errata sheet. 6 7 You would not be permitted to take a transcript home with you, but I'm going to give you 8 their card if you choose to do that. That is your 9 10 choice. Next thing I would like to mention to you 11 is, if for any reason whatsoever you want to take a 12 break, just say so and I'll take a break. 13 I'm going to ask that you not talk to 14 anybody about what's said in this interview, other 15 than with your attorney, after you leave here 16 17 today, just to protect the integrity of the investigation. 18 Polly may have something that she would 19 like to add at this point in time, so I'll let her 20 have that opportunity. 21 22 MS. HAMPTON: Yes. I handed you a letter from the MSHA Accident Investigation Team before we 23 got started. Did you get a chance to review that 24

1	letter?
2	THE WITNESS: Yeah, I looked at it.
3	MS. HAMPTON: Okay. And do you have any
4	questions for me about it?
5	THE WITNESS: No.
6	MS. HAMPTON: Okay. I would like to point
7	out that contact information for Norm Page, who you
8	just met, is the he's the lead investigator for
9	the MSHA Accident Investigation Team.
10	His information is contained in that
11	letter. If you have any additional information
12	you would like to share with the team after you
13	leave here today, or anything else you think of
14	that might be relevant, feel free to contact him or
15	to have your attorney contact us.
16	THE WITNESS: Okay.
17	MR. KOERBER: At this point in time, I
18	would ask the court reporter to administer the
19	oath.
20	MICHAEL P. WEBB, DEPONENT, SWORN
21	MR. KOERBER: Sir, would you please state
22	your full name for the record and spell your last
23	name.
24	THE WITNESS: It's Michael Paul Webb.

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Last name is W-e-b-b. 1 MR. KOERBER: Would you please state your 2 address and telephone number? 3 THE WITNESS: 4 It's Phone number is 5 6 7 MR. KOERBER: Do you have an attorney with you here today? 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. 9 MR. KOERBER: Okay. I would ask that he 10 identify himself and his firm. 11 MR. MCCUSKEY: John McCuskey, the law firm 12 of Shuman, McCuskey & Slicer in Charleston, West 13 Virginia, counsel for Michael Webb. 14 MR. KOERBER: And I also note that we have 15 16 another person sitting at the table. I would ask that he identify himself, the firm that he is with 17 and the client that he represents. 18 MR. AKERS: Rob Akers with Allen, Guthrie 19 & Thomas in Charleston, West Virginia, and I'm here 20 on behalf of Performance Coal Company. 21 22 MR. KOERBER: We also have a person in the I would ask that he identify himself, the back. 23 firm he's with and who he is here representing. 24

1	MD MCCIICKEY. I B McCuckou Shuman
Ţ	MR. MCCOSKET. D.B. MCCUSKey, Shuman,
2	McCuskey & Slicer, Mr. Webb.
3	MR. KOERBER: Mr. Webb, are you appearing
4	here today as the result of receiving a subpoena?
5	THE WITNESS: Yes.
6	MR. MCCUSKEY: Of course, actually, he
7	never received it, but
8	MR. KOERBER: Oh, okay. Are you appearing
9	here today as the result of being aware that a
10	subpoena was issued for you?
11	THE WITNESS: Yes.
12	MR. KOERBER: Okay. This is a copy of it.
13	Feel free to look at it, but this is the copy, and
14	I think Mr. McCuskey would agree to that.
15	MR. MCCUSKEY: Yes.
16	MR. KOERBER: This is an Acceptance of
17	Service. Mr. McCuskey signed this, accepting
18	service of the subpoena on your behalf, and he
19	signed that February the 4th.
20	I'm going to ask that the subpoena be
21	marked as Webb's Exhibit No. 1, and the Acceptance
22	of Service be marked as Webb's Exhibit No. 2.
23	(Exhibit Nos. 1 and 2 marked for
24	identification.)

1	MR. KOERBER: Sir, on April 5th, 2010,
2	what was your job title?
3	THE WITNESS: I was then a section foreman
4	on the Longwall.
5	MR. KOERBER: Okay. Couple of other
6	things I want to give you as well. I'm going to
7	give you the Johnny Jackson & Associates business
8	card, which I spoke about earlier.
9	I'm also going to give you Bill Tucker's
10	business card. Bill Tucker is the lead
11	investigator for the Office of Miners' Health,
12	Safety and Training.
13	Should something come to mind after you
14	leave here that you believe would be important for
15	the State to know in regard to the investigation,
16	please feel free to contact him.
17	I'm also going to give you a memorandum,
18	and this memorandum lists the address to the West
19	Virginia Board of Appeals.
20	The West Virginia Board of Appeals is the
21	administrative body charged with hearing, among
22	other things, discrimination cases involving coal
23	miners.
24	West Virginia Code 22A-1-22 provides

1	protections to coal miners from being discriminated
2	against for participating in interviews such as
3	this.
4	If you find that you believe you have been
5	discriminated against because you participated in
6	this interview, this is the body that you lodge
7	your complaint with, and your attorney could help
8	you draft that.
9	I would like to caution you, however, the
10	22A-1-22 only allows a 30-day window for you to
11	file your complaint from the day of the
12	discriminatory action. Okay?
13	THE WITNESS: (Witness nods.)
14	MR. KOERBER: And now I would like to ask
15	Mr. O'Brien to start the interview.
16	EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. O'BRIEN:
18	Q. Mr. Webb, first, on behalf of the Office
19	of Miners' Health, Safety and Training, I would
20	like to thank you for participating in this
21	investigation and helping us out.
22	If I understood right, you said you were
23	on April 5th, 2010, you were a
24	A. Section foreman.

1	0 = - sostion for $-$
T	Q Section foreman?
2	A. Yes, sir.
3	Q. Briefly again, some of these questions
4	may have been asked before, so just bear with me.
5	What were your job duties briefly?
6	A. Pretty much the section foreman, you run
7	the section. You make sure that the shearer
8	operator, you know, everything is running right as
9	it should be.
10	You're watching out for who you have on
11	your crew. You make reports to the outside,
12	production reports, down time reports, pretty much
13	you're running all over the section, you know, just
14	making sure everything is as it should be.
15	You take gas checks, your air checks,
16	ventilation checks. Pretty much you're all over
17	the section. I mean, you're just you're the one
18	in charge of it, you know.
19	Q. Good enough. Appreciate that.
20	What shift did you work?
21	A. We worked a swing shift. It was a six and
22	three schedule. So you would work six days on day
23	shift, take three days off, and then you would come
24	back six days evening shift. And so you just

1	you kept rotating like that.
2	Q. Did you work on April 5th?
3	A. No. No, I was off. The last day that my
4	crew worked was that Saturday. It was the day
5	before Easter.
6	Easter Sunday would have been my crew's
7	last day of our six-day run, but, like I said, that
8	was a holiday, we were off, and Monday, Tuesday,
9	and Wednesday was my crew's scheduled three days
10	off.
11	MR. O'BRIEN: Okay. At this time, that's
12	all the questions I have at the moment. I'll pass
13	it to MSHA.
14	EXAMINATION
15	BY MR. CRIPPS:
16	Q. Thanks again for coming in, Mike. I have
17	got several questions I want to talk to you about,
18	if you don't mind.
19	A. Okay.
20	Q. Tell you what, I would like you to
21	describe to me your normal routine when you arrive
22	on the section on the mantrip, the crew gets off
23	the mantrip, just describe to me what goes on from

1	A. Once we get to the end of the track, we
2	have a safety meeting, which five, ten minutes.
3	We'll go over anything that's going on, like, say
4	if Jack Roles, you know, our coordinator, if he
5	told me, you know, about if he had told me any
6	kind of condition to expect, anything that was
7	going on, you know, we were getting close to
8	cutting out.
9	If he knew of any if the top was bad on
10	the face, you know, he would tell me things like
11	that, at which point I would go over with the
12	crew.
13	From that point, you know, after the
14	safety meeting, after talking to the crew, we would
15	make our way to the face.
16	Of course, I would be fire bossing, going
17	through the face, checking the power boxes,
18	checking the curtains, checking ventilation.
19	Once ventilation once I had gone across
20	the face once, you know, we had the right air, had
21	the gas had no gas, you know, anything like
22	that, it was able to run, the crew come out and
23	then we would go we would run coal from there.
24	The headgate man, he would call out, call

1	outside as to what time that we would actually
2	start production. And we that's you would go
3	from there, you know.
4	Q. Okay. Let me when you left the mantrip
5	and proceeded towards the face, would the shearer
6	operator stop anywhere along that route?
7	A. They would stop at the mule train and get
8	their the packman, you know, for the shearer,
9	their operating device, you know, controller.
10	Q. Okay. The packman is the remote control
11	for the shearer?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. Okay. Let's say on day shift, when you
14	arrived on the section, would the face normally be
15	in operation?
16	A. No, no. It was very rare that the hoot
17	owl crew would run coal. Usually the only time you
18	saw the hoot owl crew running coal is if we were
19	say if maybe we had been pretty slow on production,
20	they would have them to maybe run coal for, like,
21	the last hour of their shift, something like that.
22	Or if we were close to cutting out the
23	panel, they might have the hoot owl crew to run
24	coal a little bit, you know, to speed up, you know,

1	to get it to the cut out. But other than that, you
2	know, no.
3	Q. Okay. What about when you arrived on the
4	section on afternoon shift, what would the
5	condition of the face be?
6	A. They would be usually they were running
7	coal. They were they had it set to where we
8	weren't supposed to have both crews on the face at
9	one time, and that had changed when we got to this
10	panel.
11	What it was, we had an emergency ride that
12	was only big enough for one crew, that had to be
13	kept up close to the last open break, and you
14	couldn't have two crews up there at one time
15	because that was kind of going against having the
16	emergency ride. I mean, that's what I was always
17	told.
18	So usually what we tried doing was, as the
19	crew was coming in, they would get to the mouth of
20	the section, what they would call the longwall, and
21	say, okay, hey, we're here at the mouth, we'll be
22	up there in a few minutes.
23	And what we tried to do was the guys on
24	the face, they would stop and walk off the face,

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1	and so we would try to meet up with each other
2	there at the end of the track.
3	Now, of course, it didn't always happen,
4	you know. There was sometimes we would meet them,
5	say, right there at the head drive, sometimes at
6	the tool carts, sometimes there at the mule train.
7	Q. Is that because they would usually
8	accidentally forget to call from the mouth?
9	A. Yeah. Either that or the guys on the
10	face, they may have something like, say, there
11	might be a gob out, something they were trying to
12	clean on, you know. You didn't really try to leave
13	the crew in a bad start-up, you know.
14	If you had a gob out or something, you
15	would usually stay there and try to get it cleaned
16	up before the other crew came in. At least I would
17	help them out anyways.
18	Q. Okay. When you arrived on the face on day
19	shift, then, tell me what you, yourself, actually
20	did.
21	A. Well, like I said, we would get we
22	would have our meeting. From that point, as we
23	would make our way up towards the last open break,
24	I would go to the power center there at the mule

1	train. I go to the chargers, and, you know, I'm
2	basically just looking at the entry as I am going
3	up toward the last open break.
4	We would designate one individual, you
5	know, each day as, like, a scaler. So as we were
6	going in, he would also be looking at the ribs,
7	looking at the top, you know, if there's something
8	I'm not looking at or I'm overlooking, you know,
9	there's somebody else with me that's kind of
10	looking at the area as well.
11	And if he sees something, you know, he
12	could scale it, then he can tell me, you know, I
13	can tell one of the other guys up there, you know,
14	if it's kind of high, you know, somebody bigger or
15	whatever.
16	Once I get up towards the last open break,
17	I'll check the curtains, make sure all my curtains
18	are tight. We had two entries that we had to keep
19	our curtains up.
20	From that point, I'd take an air reading
21	at the last open break, and then go across the
22	face. We would take two readings there at I
23	think it's Number 9 shield, or it might be Number
24	17 shield. You would take a reading there. It's

1	one or the other, I can't really remember.
2	And then you take another reading at 160
3	shield, your air reading and gas check.
4	Q. While you're going to the tail, what's the
5	rest of the crew doing?
6	A. They're usually outby, just, like,
7	electricians, they're getting things ready. A lot
8	of electricians, they don't carry tools with them,
9	you know, they have got their tool boxes.
10	They're usually just getting some tools,
11	things that they may need as far as, like, shearer
12	operators.
13	Some of the guys, they'll wear dust
14	helmets, they'll usually change a filter out. Or a
15	lot of the other guys, if they don't wear a dust
16	helmet, they'll wearing a respirator, and they're
17	just getting their respirators ready.
18	Q. What about as far as setting bits,
19	checking water sprays and that type of stuff, when
20	is that performed?
21	A. That's done whenever we do maintenance on
22	a shearer. Now, on a day shift crew, when you come
23	in, the shearer operators, they'll look at their
24	bits. It's kind of like your standard procedure.

The hoot owl crew changes the bits, you 1 know, has everything ready for the day shift crew 2 to run. 3 So the day shift crew, when they get 4 there, they should be able to get to the shearer 5 and start up and go. 6 7 If they get to the shearer and they see some bits that maybe the hoot owl crew didn't set, 8 like a full drum, if they see some bits that maybe 9 10 they need to set, then they usually will set them. It's kind of -- it's very rare that the 11 hoot owl crew wouldn't do the maintenance, you 12 know, have everything ready. 13 Usually if the shearer was on the tail, 14 they may not set the bits. But now here, prior to 15 16 the explosion, when we got into the sandstone, it was to a point that we were setting bits every cut 17 out, you know. 18 You would set bits at the head, you would 19 set them at the tail, you know, it's just -- the 20 sandstone just came in, you know, got like that, 21 22 and you had to set the bits. As far as, like, the crews, it got to 23 where we had to take bits down to the tail. What 24

we would usually do, we would put the bits on top of the shearer, that way, you know, you didn't have one or two guys carrying bucket after bucket, you know, all the way down the face. So we would try to keep bits down there on the tail so that way they were there.

Q. When you're cutting towards the tail,
because I've been on the face several times and
noticed the sandstone that you're cutting down
there, we've talked to several people about cutting
the sandstone, how could you tell when it was time
to change your bits or you knew you needed to
change the bits?

A. A lot of times if, like, your coal -- your coal side bits, if they would happen to wear down worse than your other bits, it would usually cause to shearer to kind of lean back.

And when that happens, you can tell that the shearer is not running right, and it's also putting you in a position to where the shearer itself, the drum will end up hitting the tip of the shields.

23 When that happens it cuts the cutter 24 shaft, or it don't cut it, it breaks the cutter

1	shaft, and then that puts your down.
2	And other than that, a lot of times as
3	you're cutting, if your bits are bad, the shearer
4	will kind of slow go slow compared to what it
5	should be. It won't really stall out, but it will
6	it won't go it won't run the way it should.
7	You know, if you're running 20, 30 feet a
8	minute, you know, cutting coal, and then just all
9	of a sudden it slows down, you know, goes slower or
10	kind of lunges, then that was always kind of a sign
11	that you need to check your bits. That's what I
12	always looked for when I ran the shearer.
13	Q. Give me some idea say you back up and
14	you set a head of bits. I guess in some of the
15	extreme cutting conditions, how long would those
16	bits last?
17	A. Those bits when we first got into the
18	sandstone, this happened back when I first started
19	bossing, we could get to the tail and cut out one
20	time, and then we would have to set a full drum of
21	bits just to cut out the second time.
22	And then at that point, you would make
23	your way to the tail or to the head. You get to
24	the head, you could cut out, you could do the

1	shuffle and gut out your second time and then at
T	shuffle and cut out your second time, and then at
2	that point you would stop and set bits.
3	There was a few occasions, I think, when
4	you would get to the head, you would cut out one
5	time, and then you may have to stop and look at
6	your bits. You may have to set your bits before
7	you even cut out the second time.
8	It really just kind of fell on the shearer
9	operators, you know, what they thought, you know,
10	which I always gave of course, I didn't boss
11	that long, but what time I did boss, you know, I
12	told them, you know, it's their discretion on when
13	they need to set the bits, you know.
14	They're the ones that's running the
15	shearer. If they think they need to set them or
16	look at them, you know, just stop it and look at
17	them and go from there.
18	But as far as on the tail, the sandstone,
19	I believe, it started around 140, 140 shield on up
20	to the tail.
21	So your bits would be fine from the time
22	you left the head once you started cutting into the
23	sandstone. And by the time you get to the tail,
24	they were usually pretty bad shape, you know. You

1	would have to set them before cutting out a second
2	time.
3	Q. Okay. And cutting on that sandstone, a
4	lot of sparking going on did you notice?
5	A. Oh, yeah. Yes.
6	Q. Okay. I seen some used bits laying on the
7	shield toes, I went down through there, that were
8	really worn, and then I've heard, reading some
9	transcripts of some other people refer to them as
10	"elf shoes."
11	A. Uh-huh.
12	Q. Do you have any idea what I'm talking
13	about?
14	A. Yes. That, again, that happened when we
15	first started when I first started bossing, we
16	had went down to the tail when we first got into
17	that sandstone. One of my shearer operators, he's
18	an old guy, an older guy, and he's been on the
19	longwall for many years, he's the kind of guy that
20	don't mess up, you know, he knows what he's doing
21	he's got the experience and you don't have to worry
22	about him.
23	As they were on the tail this day, they
24	were doing the shuffle. They had cut out the first

1	time on the tail, and as they were coming to the
2	shuffle, he had hit the shield with the shearer.
3	And this goes back to where I was saying
4	when the coal bits, the coal side bits wear down,
5	it causes the shearer to lean on its side, you
6	know, just lean back some.
7	And what had happened, as they were going
8	through the shuffle, he had hit the shield and it
9	broke a cutter shaft.
10	I believe I was maybe around midface when
11	this happened, you know, I wasn't there at the
12	shearer.
13	When that happened, I made my way to the
14	tail, and that's when I saw the bits on his coal
15	side. They were in such a bad shape that the
16	nickname, what everybody gave them, elf shoes, you
17	know, they're so wore down and they're kind of
18	curved back, you know, like the tip of a shoe.
19	But anyways, I had sent the face crew off
20	to go eat. I told the electricians that myself and
21	them would finish the cutter shaft and reset the
22	bits.
22 23	bits. And I told them, you know, if the guys
22 23 24	bits. And I told them, you know, if the guys hadn't got back from lunch, that we would try to

1	finish cutting the shuffles for them.
2	Well, we didn't go three shields, and I
3	had done put the shearer up into a shield. It had
4	done wore those bits out that quick.
5	What I had done at that point was I
6	kind of thought that the guys outside would then be
7	throwing a fit, because here we just broke two
8	cutter shafts, you know, within 15, 20 minutes, and
9	I figured they had been calling in trying to find
10	out, you know, what's going on.
11	So what I had done, I took those coal side
12	bits and I put them in a bucket. And I had
13	intentions of taking those outside and throwing
14	them on their desk if they wanted to fuss about it,
15	you know, but I didn't.
16	I ended up talking to Timmy Davis, which
17	was outby on the section, and I had showed him
18	those bits, you know, so he was kind of my backup
19	if somebody outside wanted to complain.
20	That was the worse I had ever seen the
21	bits, you know, that quick of a time, just wear
22	down to next to nothing, you know. I had never
23	seen, you know, the bits do that before.
24	Q. Okay. During the course of your shift

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1	when the face is operating, how much of your day
2	would you estimate that you actually spend up on
3	the face?
4	A. Probably 80 Percent of the time.
5	Q. Okay. So most of your day is
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. What are you doing in that period?
8	A. As the shearer is let's say the shearer
9	is going to the tail. I will be behind what we
10	call the snake, and that is the shields, you know.
11	As the shield operator is pulling the
12	shields in behind the shearer, he's pushing those
13	shields as well, you know, he's causing those
14	shields to push.
15	And what I do is, I will stay behind the
16	shields that he has pulled in, and I'll just kind
17	of go back and forth on the face.
18	I'll usually I'll wash down the shields,
19	wash down the shields, the canopies, the
20	backboards. I'll do my gas checks. I'll check my
21	ventilation, and calling out reports. I normally
22	try to stay on the face as much as I can.
23	On day shift, I didn't really have to
24	worry too much about what was outby us because we

1	had the outby guys there with Timmy Davis. So
2	evening shift, everything that was outby was
3	usually done and caught up, you know.
4	We had one utilityman per crew and, you
5	know, I would check on him from time to time just
6	to see if he was okay, see if he needed any help
7	with anything.
8	But for the most part, like I said, I
9	tried to stay on the face as much as I could.
10	Q. Did you report to Jack Roles?
11	A. He wasn't the longwall coordinator. Now,
12	I never reported to him, like production reports or
13	anything.
14	All of that was done to on day shift,
15	you would call out your report to Greg Clay. I
16	don't know why because I think his title is a
17	purchasing agent, I believe. I don't know why we
18	would call out a report to him really, but on day
19	shift that's who you would call a report to. On
20	evening shift, you would call a dispatcher.
21	As far as Jack Roles, the only time I
22	would talk to him is if I had any questions with
23	anything, if I had a problem or something, you
24	know, if I needed to know something about the

1	longwall, you know, I'd call him and say, you know,
2	hey, what do I have here, you know. But other than
3	that, that was it.
4	Q. Who is your actual supervisor?
5	A. That would be Jack Roles.
6	Q. Jack? Okay.
7	Do you ever see Jack on the face?
8	A. Every once in a while you would see him.
9	Q. When he's on the face, does he ever give
10	you instructions about something he wants done?
11	A. Yeah, sometimes, you know, sometimes he
12	would if the face needed to be walked one way or
13	another, like, say, for instance, on the head
14	say we had a spad reading of 30 plus 15. And on
15	the tail, let's say you have a spad reading of 40
16	plus 15. So that's telling you right there that
17	the line is not straight.
18	And he might tell me, you know, take an
19	extra cut, you know, off the head, or take one off
20	the tail, you know, to try to even up the face.
21	And he may see something outby. He may
22	see that a timber needs set or, you know, something
23	like and he would just come and tell me. You know,
24	talk to your utilityman, tell him he needs to set a

1	timber, you know, in such and such place, just
2	little stuff like that.
3	Q. Okay. You mentioned walking the pan
4	there. Have you been across the longwall face
5	since the explosion?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Okay. I know that you have, but I need
8	you to say that you have. You've been across
9	several times is that
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. You've been doing the examinations at the
12	mine since the explosion?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Okay. Referring up to the headgate end of
15	the longwall, I'll just tell you, when I looked at
16	the stage loader, it appeared to me that the stage
17	loader was drifted towards the coal block side of
18	the entry. What impression did you have of the
19	location of the stage loader?
20	A. I don't think I've ever actually looked
21	down like in the stage loader to see, you know,
22	whether it sprayed, or maybe if it was coming to
23	the coal block. I don't think I've ever I've
24	really ever looked at it.

1	Q. Okay. Did you notice anything else about
2	the condition of the face up at the head, the
3	location of the pan or the shields?
4	A. I know up at the head, like on your head
5	end, it looks as if to me that they had dropped the
6	head, they didn't pull in the gate shields well,
7	they didn't pull in the gate shields, or quite a
8	number of shields they didn't pull in.
9	It looked like what they were doing was
10	maybe they were straightening the line.
11	Now, I haven't really paid much attention
12	to see how straight it is, but now I do know that
13	the head was not pushed, you know. So they didn't
14	for whatever reason.
15	I don't know what the spads were at the
16	time this happened, so I don't know if they were
17	trying to straighten the line up or if they had had
18	something wrong that they didn't pull the head in.
19	I don't know.
20	Q. You mentioned that some of your guys, When
21	they got on the face, may be putting on a helmet.
22	Are you referring to the air stream helmets?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. How many of your guys wore the air stream

1	helmets?
2	A. On my crew, I don't believe none of my
3	guys wore the helmets. They wore the respirators.
4	And I think the crew that was there that
5	day, I believe those were the only guys that wore
6	the air stream helmets.
7	Q. That's the crew that was on the $$
8	A. On the face.
9	Q face the day of the explosion?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Okay. And how would you have knowledge
12	that they wore the air stream helmets?
13	A. Just from where seeing them come in,
14	you know, come in the day like say, if we were
15	on day shift and they were on evening shift, you
16	know if you pass by them, you know, you'd see them
17	carrying them.
18	And other than that, the two shearer
19	operators that was on that crew, those were the
20	shearer operators that I started with. I was their
21	shield operator, all three of us wore the air
22	stream helmets when I started. And, I guess,
23	that's what they are used to wearing, you know.
24	But I don't recall ever seeing them wear a

1	respirator. You know, even when we came this panel
2	and they told us that we had the option of using a
3	respirator or the helmet, they stuck with the
4	helmet.
5	Q. Okay. When they would wear the air stream
6	helmet, what would they do with their regular hard
7	hat?
8	A. Usually they would leave it at the head
9	drive. They would maybe put it underneath the head
10	drive, or some of the guys would leave it out at
11	one of the tool boxes, you know, like, say if their
12	electrician had they knew where their toolbox
13	was, they'd leave it there at their toolbox.
14	Myself, you know, when I was on the face,
15	normally I would just take mine off there at the
16	head drive and put it underneath the head drive,
17	leave it there.
18	Q. Okay. So you say you worked with both the
19	shearer operators that was on B Crew?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Do you recall when you was working with
22	them did either of them carry a methane detector?
23	A. The tail end, Gary what is his name?
24	Q. Gary Quarrels?

1	A. Yes. Well, now, this was, you know, I
2	hadn't been on their crew, it's been a couple of
3	years. But I know Gary, he was the tail end
4	operator, and the tail end operator was the one
5	that carried the detector.
6	Q. Does the tail end operator on your crew
7	now carry a detector?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. Okay. I think when I read your last
10	transcript, I understand that prior to being a boss
11	on this crew, you was a shearer operator?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. Which end of the shearer did you operate?
14	A. I operated the head end.
15	Q. Okay. When you was operating, did the
16	tail operator carry a detector with him?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Okay. Have you ever noticed when in
19	the course of cutting, have you ever noticed sprays
20	come out of the drum?
21	A. I've never witnessed them come out, but
22	now I do know that they have come out, you know,
23	just for the reason when we would set bits,
24	we're looking over the sprays as we're setting

1	bits. And if we see a spray out, we'll put a new
2	one in.
3	So in the course of time, you may not know
4	it while you're running coal, but if you stop to
5	set bits, you know, from time to time you might
6	have one or two that you see missing and you just
7	replace it.
8	Q. Do you recall the most number that you may
9	have had to replace at one time?
10	A. No, no. I do know cutting the sandstone
11	that we were in, it had been causing us to have to
12	replace the water sprays, you know, one or two at
13	least, you know, on each end just about.
14	Q. Is it were the sprays missing is it
15	visible, or can you tell that there is a spray
16	missing?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. How do you tell that?
19	A. There is a well, the spray itself, I
20	can't really tell you how big it is, but it will
21	fit into just a small hole.
22	If that spray is not there, the water will
23	still come out of that hole, but it looks kind of
24	like a water running out of a garden hose. You can
1	tell it's not a spray, you know.
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2	Q. Well, let me I know you're aware that
3	we have put water on the shearer there at the
4	tailgate. I know you're aware of the location of
5	the shearer and the drum.
6	Let me show you this picture right here.
7	And I will tell you, this is the shearer
8	at UBB, and this is the picture taken the day that
9	we put water on the shearer.
10	Anything stand out to you in this picture?
11	A. It looks like you have at least three
12	three sprays out.
13	Q. And so is that you described, like, water
14	coming out that looked like a garden hose?
15	A. Yeah.
16	Q. Is that similar to what you was describing
17	from a missing spray?
18	A. Yeah.
19	Q. Now with those sprays missing, now if the
20	drum was turning and cutting coal and cutting rock,
21	do you think that would be visible to the operator?
22	A. No, unless they were running the
23	shearer was running, but it wasn't in the coal.
24	You know, say if the shearer is just

1	
1	sitting there at a standstill, it's not cutting
2	nothing and you have the drums up in the air, you
3	may be able to tell that you have a spray out.
4	Other than that, if you had the shearer in
5	the coal and you were cutting it, no, I don't think
6	you would be able to tell if you had a spray out,
7	unless you had such a high number of sprays out
8	that, you know, it wasn't keeping the dust down.
9	And a lot of times that is a good way that
10	you can tell your sprays aren't doing good. If you
11	have a tremendous amount of dust than what you're
12	normally running with.
13	And a lot of times you can tell that if
14	the headgate operator forgets to turn the water
15	on. That kind of happens from time to time.
16	Say if we just got done setting bits and
17	we're ready to go, we'll get the shearer started.
18	And the headgate man, he'll be getting the belt up,
19	he'll get the pan line, the chain running, and he
20	might forget to go and turn the water on.
21	And so the shearer might be in the coal,
22	but you're going to see a tremendous amount of dust
23	from what you should see. And then we know right
24	then that, you know, something ain't right. So you

1	just stop and say, hey, you know, turn the water
2	on.
З	Q. When we checked the drum this day there
4	was actually seven sprays missing. Does that seem
5	unusual to you to have that many missing at one
6	time?
7	A. Yeah. I know I've never had that many to
8	come out on me.
9	Q. Do you think with that many missing, would
10	that have an effect on the dust suppression
11	capabilities of the rest of the sprays?
12	A. Yeah, I'd say it would.
13	Q. Okay.
14	A. But down there on that tail, you know, of
15	course we had good air, you know, we had plenty
16	enough air, but, you know, still you had less air
17	there at the tail than what you would have at
18	midface, you know. So it's going to be a little
19	bit dustier compared to other places on the face.
20	The guys, they would really had to have
21	looked at it to know it, you know, but, you know,
22	with seven sprays out you would think that you
23	should be able to tell that, you know, dust
24	suppression is not doing what it should.

1	Q. Okay. Thanks, Mike.
2	MS. HAMPTON: I'm going to mark this
3	photograph as Exhibit No. 3.
4	(Exhibit No. 3 marked for
5	identification.)
6	Q. Okay. You mentioned there your
7	ventilation, that you would have less at the tail
8	that you say you would at midface. Could you
9	explain why that would be to me?
10	A. Well, as your last open break, you would
11	have the air coming through your last open break
12	out to your face, you know, say, where I would take
13	my reading on the head, which, like I said, either
14	Number 9 shield or Number 17 shield, I can't really
15	remember, you're going to have a lot more air right
16	a bigger velocity, you know, right there
17	compared to what you would at the tail.
18	For that reason, you're closer to where
19	that last open break is. By the time that air goes
20	across the face and gets to the tail, you have air
21	that's going to go into the gob.
22	You might have certain areas on the face
23	where the gob hasn't fallen tight, you know, behind
24	the shields.

1	So you're going to have air, you know,
2	going through the shields, you know, going into the
3	gob, and that's you know, that's the way I was
4	always explained.
5	Q. Are you familiar with what your roof
6	control plan requires as far as roof support in the
7	tailgate entry?
8	A. We had always done two rows of props in
9	the past. It would be, like, five foot centers.
10	If it wasn't props it was cribs. And you
11	would have them in a staggered kind of setup, you
12	know, they would be five foot centers.
13	This panel here, I don't know why they
14	only had one row of props. I was never out on the
15	tail before we started up, you know.
16	As we came there to set up this panel, I
17	was never on the tail, and I never saw it until we
18	were running coal, and that's when I had noticed
19	that, you know, we only had one row of props.
20	I had asked about that, and I think the
21	answer that I was told was because this was our
22	first panel that that particular entry, it didn't
23	it wasn't required to have two rows in it.
24	Because once this panel was done, that

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1	entry was no longer going to be utilized, you know,
2	for anything.
3	But as far as what was written in our roof
4	control plan, I haven't seen it since this all
5	happened. I can't really tell you the specifics on
6	it. But like I said, I know in the past we've
7	always used two rows. Two rows of props.
8	Q. Okay. Let's look at this drawing that's
9	right here in front of you, if you don't mind. And
10	this is a drawing of the location of the shearer
11	and the face at UBB right now.
12	So in your experience, the air that's
13	ventilating the face, how would you expect the air
14	to exit the tailgate end of the face?
15	A. It comes out into the entry and comes down
16	to the next break.
17	Q. Okay. if you don't mind, use, like, comes
18	outby or inby.
19	A. Okay.
20	Q. Because when you say "down," it's hard to
21	understand in the transcript.
22	A. Okay. The air comes off the face and goes
23	outby to the next break. And then at that point,
24	it shoots over to the other entries, and then it

1	shoots on inby toward the Bandytown fan.
2	COURT REPORTER: The what?
3	THE WITNESS: The Bandytown fan.
4	A. Now, on our tailgate entry, the outby
5	entries or breaks, you would have a full stopping,
6	a stopping line to isolate this entry.
7	Q. That would be is this number
8	A. This is the Number 7 entry.
9	Q. Number 7 entry?
10	A. Now, as the shearer as the longwall
11	would advance as for instance, your next break
12	outby to you, you would have a hole put in this
13	stopping, and you may knock half of that stopping
14	out, you may knock a quarter of it out, just
15	whatever you would have to knock out of it to force
16	your air to come out to this break and shoot out,
17	you know.
18	Your stoppings on outby, they would be a
19	solid line. As your longwall as you would pass
20	that break, that crosscut, you wouldn't go to the
21	next stopping until you got just a little bit past
22	that crosscut.
23	And for that reason is, you're still going
24	to have the air coming off the face. It's still

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1	going to be pulled out that entry, out of that
2	break.
3	By the time you get to about halfway
4	through that break, your top has usually, by that
5	point, it's fell in behind the wall. Which, like I
6	said, you'll go to your next crosscut and knock a
7	stopping out, well, not knock the full stopping
8	out, but you would knock a hole in it.
9	Q. So in the position that the face is in
10	now, would you have much air going inby in the
11	Number 7 entry?
12	A. I think you would. I looked at that the
13	other day and I didn't take, you know, a good look
14	at it. Of course, you can't get back there to it.
15	But I was looking at it from the break
16	that we had just passed, and it's not fully fell in
17	from what I could tell. It didn't look like it was
18	fell in all the way.
19	As I got to all the sand jacks where the
20	longwall face is sitting, you can look back there
21	towards where the break is at and I don't know.
22	I'm thinking the air could have went, you
23	know, inby rather than coming out to this break,
24	but I don't know. Like I said, I haven't can't

1	really get that good of a look at it.
2	Q. Okay. On the previous panels where you've
3	worked where you've said you set the double rows of
4	props or set the cribs, did that extra support, to
5	you, did it seem to support the roof better to
6	allow the ventilation to go behind the shields any
7	better than it has on this panel?
8	A. I believe it helped it some, but
9	eventually it's going to come in one way or
10	another.
11	I've seen the top hold up pretty good in
12	the tailgate entry, and then I've seen it to where
13	it all come in, you know, regardless of having two
14	rows of props or two rows of cribs.
15	Usually if you get into a bad area and it
16	comes down, it will usually go down for a little
17	while. But it did, you know, in my opinion, it
18	would keep it held up better than one row.
19	Q. Okay. You've obviously seen where the
20	shearer is sitting now. Have you, in your
21	experience in bossing and operating the shearer,
22	have you ever set bits in the tailgate drum with
23	that drum actually extended out into the tailgate
24	entry?

1	A. No, no.
2	Q. Okay. So, I guess, in your opinion, do
3	you think they was preparing to set bits in this
4	tailgate drum where it was currently sitting?
5	A. No.
6	MR. CRIPPS: Okay. I think I'm going to
7	catch my breath and let somebody else take a turn,
8	and I'll get back with you in a minute.
9	EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. BECK:
11	Q. Mike, on this particular panel that you
12	were on, did you have any idea how much more mining
13	was left there before the panel was completed,
14	anybody ever tell you, or did you know?
15	A. I was told, but I think maybe around 12,
16	12 more breaks maybe. I may be wrong, but it
17	wasn't much. I know our cutout was at the 14
18	break.
19	Q. So it was a matter of weeks or a month
20	maybe?
21	A. Probably maybe a month. Maybe a little
22	bit more than a month.
23	Q. Where was the longwall going to be moved
24	next?

1	A. We were hearing that we were going to a
2	take the longwall down to what they call LBB. We
3	were hearing that they were setting up a panel,
4	which was only going to be, like, ten breaks.
5	Headgate 22 supposedly wasn't going to be
6	ready by the time we cut out on this panel, and
7	they were going to send us to LBB to kind of buy
8	time, I guess, in other words.
9	Q. Was the LBB going to be ready to your
10	knowledge?
11	A. No. No, I don't think it would have
12	been. To my knowledge, nothing had even been set
13	up. I think they had just got the face cut, I
14	believe.
15	But, you know, I may be wrong, but to my
16	knowledge, though, belt lines wasn't put in or
17	anything that I know of, and I know there was no
18	pan line put in.
19	Q. So the longwall is going to be sitting
20	A. Yes.
21	Q idle?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. Which at a longwall mine is not a good
24	thing?

1 Α. Yes. Did that change the attitude around the 2 0. mine of the people working there? I mean, was it a 3 different atmosphere knowing that this was kind of 4 coming with the longwall nowhere to go? 5 As far as the crews, you know, the Α. 6 longwall crews itself, you know, I can't really say 7 that it done anything. 8 I know -- you know, of course, we want to 9 10 run coal. Didn't really like the idea of, you know, having to start from scratch, you know, 11 setting up everything or waiting for the miner 12 section to get done doing what they were doing. 13 But I don't think it was really on 14 nobody's mind about the ... 15 How about management, I mean, was 16 0. management reacting differently or the same? 17 I never heard -- never heard anything from Α. 18 them really that I could tell you. 19 When you were talking about the time you 20 0. were operating the shearer and you hit the shield 21 22 and had a bunch of bits that you were going to bring outside to -- you said to show them. Who 23 were you referring to? 24

I would have took those to Jack. Which I 1 Α. know Jack knows me pretty well. If I tell him 2 something, he's going to believe me. At least 3 that's the way I've always kind of took him 4 5 anyways. I would have took those out and showed 6 7 them to him, say, you know, okay, if Chris Blanchard or if somebody else wants to know why we 8 were in the condition we were in, you know, here's 9 the reason. And that way Jack could have saw them 10 himself, and he could have told him. 11 You know, if they would have called down 12 there and saying, you know, what's wrong with this 13 quy here, this crew here, then Jack would have 14 known himself the condition and he could have told 15 him. 16 Chris Blanchard, who was he? 17 Q. He was the president of Performance. Α. 18 19 0. Okav. In your travels throughout Upper Big Branch, and I know we've passed each other 20 tailgating among other places, did you ever notice 21 cracks in the floor? 22 I've seen quite a few areas, especially on 23 Α. the tail, like over on tailgate 21. 24

1	Q. How about in other areas of the mine?
2	A. There are some places, what we call a cut
3	through, between the tail and the head. There's
4	several areas there, there's some cracks.
5	Tailgate 22, there's I think there's a
6	couple places there, but not as bad.
7	And as far as Headgate 22, places over
8	there, I don't really know. I haven't been over
9	there.
10	Q. Most people running the mines would refer
11	to this as bottom hooving; is that right?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. So it's pretty common?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. All right. And one last. You said you
16	were changing bits when you got into this rock
17	situation you were changing bits, and you cut out
18	at the tail and you cut out at the head just about
19	every time because of the rock.
20	And when you changed the bits, just make
21	sure I understand this, the sprays were also
22	checked then, too?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. So with that frequency of changing bits

1	and checking sprays, and sprays, you would think,
2	reasonably that they would be in pretty fair
3	working order; is that right?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Which with seven missing is something
6	unusual?
7	A. Yes.
8	MR. BECK: That's all for right now.
9	EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. O'BRIEN:
11	Q. A couple three. A few minutes ago you
12	mentioned that the longwall was going to be moved
13	to an area that you referred to as LBB?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Was that at a different part of the mine
16	of UBB, or was that another totally different mine
17	somewhere else?
18	A. It wasn't in the same mine as UBB. It was
19	further outby from where we were located at the
20	time.
21	I believe if you go into the portal at
22	UBB, I believe it's around 60 break, maybe 70 break
23	is where LBB is at. And you go you'll turn off
24	the main line track from there, and it's down in

that area. 1 I've never been down there myself. I just 2 know where it's at on the main line, and the map, 3 of course. 4 We were talking about -- or you were Q. 5 talking about bits a while ago. Had you changed, 6 7 or had the mine changed, type or style of bits recently prior to April 5th, like different size, 8 type, manufacturer? 9 10 Α. No. To my knowledge, we've always used Kennametal bits. That's the only bits I've ever 11 seen used. 12 Q. Okay. Talking about the area at the tail, 13 how tight would the gob fall right at the tail? 14 Would it fall airtight or would some air --15 You may have air leaking, you know, back 16 Α. through the gob in some areas. Of course, I don't 17 think it's ever to a point to where you could get 18 yourself back there, but, now, you know, you could 19 see -- I'd say that there's areas that the air 20 could leak back in that area. 21 22 0. Okay. When the air goes down the face, comes to the tail entry, which way did it go? 23 When it comes to the tail entry? 24 Α.

1	Q. Yeah, the tail entry.
2	A. The way they had this panel set up, the
ß	air, they wanted the air to go outby to your next
0	break to whome it would short out that break and
4	break to where it would shoot out that break, and
5	then it would shoot inby out towards the fan.
6	As I was saying earlier, for instance, if
7	the shearer was, let's say, like, a quarter a
8	quarter ways past this corner, you're going to have
9	this open, of course, you're going to have your
10	gob. It's going to be fell in you know, it's
11	not going to be tight enough to where it's blocking
12	that cut.
13	So you're going to have air coming off the
14	face and it's going to go inby to that crosscut and
15	then over to the next entry.
16	Q. At the tail drive or tail of the longwall?
17	A. At the tail of the longwall.
18	Q. Did any air go into the gob or did it come
19	out of the gob?
20	A. As far as I know, everything just went,
21	you know, went right off the face. I've never
22	noticed any air, you know, coming from out of the
23	gob, you know, from that area.
24	Is that what you're kind of talking

1	about?
2	Q. Did any air ever go into the gob at that
3	point, or did any air ever come out of the gob at
4	the tail and go to the regulator stopping?
5	A. To my knowledge, I mean, everything would
6	go this way. Usually it's kind of hard to tell
7	where, like, where the breaks are unless you
8	actually get out there to maybe inspect the air,
9	take an air reading or something.
10	But like on a normal day, as you're
11	running the shearer, you know, your operators are
12	in such an area to where when you're looking down
13	toward the tail end of the shearer, pretty much all
14	you can see is just dust kind of moving outby, you
15	know, you can't really tell yourself if that break
16	is right there unless you would actually stop
17	running and then you'd see it. You'd look.
18	Does that kind of
19	Q. The stopping that's outby that is not in
20	part to be used as a regulator, who knocks those
21	blocks out, or who makes the opening in that
22	stopping?
23	A. Usually one of the outby bosses would do
24	it on an evening shift.

The outby boss, we had Timmy Davis and we 1 had Harold Lilly. A lot of the times Harold 2 himself would check this entry, would check that 3 If it needed to be knocked, he would knock 4 out. it. 5 That way if you were on day shift and you 6 were bossing on the face, you didn't have to get 7 out into that entry. You could stay up on the face 8 and do what you had to do. 9 10 On the evening shift the -- usually -personally I never messed with -- I never had to. 11 Like I said, I only bossed there for four weeks. 12 Ι never encountered having to do that. 13 As far as evening shift, a lot of the 14 times Harold, or maybe Timmy, if they saw that you 15 were right there at the break, they would do it. 16 That way the evening shift guy, he wouldn't have to 17 worry about it either. 18 But I think maybe there may have been a 19 time or two that I was on day shift, and the quy on 20 the evening shift had to himself put the stopping, 21 22 you know, knock half of it out. Was there a specific amount of air that 23 0. 24 was required to go through that opening in the

1	stopping?
2	A. I can't remember if we had if there was
3	a minimum. I know we had to take an air reading,
4	which they this was the first thing the first
5	time I had ever known for us to take an air reading
6	out on the tail. They called it an MPB reading.
7	I don't know if there was a limit, if
8	there was a minimum. I can't really remember.
9	MR. O'BRIEN: That's all I have right
10	now.
11	EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. PAGE:
13	Q. Let me ask you a few questions here to see
14	if I understand.
15	You say you was about four weeks or a
16	month is about what you were supervisor on a
17	longwall?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. Okay. During that time frame when you
20	would travel up and down the face area, did you
21	ever notice the air going in and out of the shields
22	between rubble and back onto the face?
23	A. No. No, I never never noticed it.
24	Q. Even when you was a shearer operator?

1	A. No. No, I don't recall.
2	Q. Okay. So as the shearer went down through
3	there, you never did notice it coming back?
4	A. No. No, the only time we would have air
5	come from, like, back in the shields was usually if
6	we had a fall, you know, behind the shields. You
7	know, of course, you would see the dust and
8	everything then blow out.
9	Q. Sure. That's kind of expected, yeah.
10	Did anyone go over the vent plan or roof
11	control plan with you when you started making the
12	exams and started being a foreman, Jack Roles or
13	any of
14	A. No, I don't think.
15	Q top management ever go over it?
16	A. I don't think so. I don't believe. I
17	know, you know, when I took over, you know, he gave
18	me the copies of the ventilation plan and the roof
19	control plan, and that was pretty much something
20	that I went over myself.
21	And then, like I said, every day when we
22	would get underground, we would have the safety
23	talk. I would talk to the crew, something in
24	particular, whether it be the roof control plan or
27	particular, whether it be the root control prant
4	Parereurar, whether it be the root control plan of

1	the ventilation plan, you know, I would go over
2	some section on it.
3	Q. What about during the annual refresher?
4	A. Annual refresher?
5	Q. Yeah. They go over the plans?
6	A. Are you talking about, like, the your
7	eight-hour training?
8	Q. Uh-huh. Yes.
9	A. I don't think we ever went over, like, all
10	our particular plan at the time, you know, anything
11	like that.
12	Q. Okay. What kind of training did you get
13	when you was you at the longwall at the upper
14	mines?
15	A. Upper Big Branch?
16	Q. No, when they brought the wall down, was
17	you working in which mines was you working at?
18	A. I worked near Performance, Upper Big
19	Branch.
20	Q. Yeah, but the wall started up in June,
21	July, somewheres in there. Where was you working
22	at before that?
23	A. There. Now, we our the longwall
24	came from Logan's Fork.

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Ŧ	y. Ican.
2	A. And the longwall itself, I don't think we
3	started production until August, or maybe the first
4	part of September.
5	Q. But you was at UBB?
6	A. Yes. I was outside
7	Q. You didn't go to Logan's Fork?
8	A. Yeah, I was at Logan's Fork.
9	Q. Okay.
10	A. But now I came from Logan's Fork, I
11	believe it was in April was when I came back to UBB
12	there at Performance.
13	What I was doing at that point, myself and
14	two other crews, we were rebuilding on the shields
15	outside.
16	Q. Okay.
17	A. And at the same time, you had crews there
18	at Logan's Fork that was getting the shields,
19	getting the longwall, bringing everything outside,
20	and then that was being transported up.
21	We would get the shields, we would work on
22	them. When we would get done with them, we would
23	send them to the other crew to take them
24	underground, and then they would start setting the

1	
1	panel up.
2	Q. Was you rebuilding them on UBB?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Mine property?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. What kind of training did you get when you
7	came to UBB?
8	A. Say again.
9	Q. What kind of training did you get when you
10	transferred from Logan's Fork to UBB?
11	A. Didn't really. I mean
12	Q. Annual refresher, newly employed?
13	A. Well, we had, yeah well, not newly
14	employed, but
15	Q. Experienced miners' training?
16	A. Yeah, experienced miner. And, you know,
17	of course, we got the training to operate the
18	equipment, because where we hadn't been there in so
19	long.
20	Q. Okay. When you was on the evening shift,
21	who did the on shift for you guys for the evening
22	shift?
23	A. Who done the on shift is like for the
24	next crew? I mean, what

1	Q. Well, pre-shift is done for the next crew.
2	A. Okay.
3	Q. Okay? And at some point in time there
4	would have to be an on shift.
5	A. Yeah, I would take care of that up on the
6	section. From the the section foreman on the
7	longwall was responsible for the end of the tracks
8	from, you know, the mule train up to the face, the
9	longwall itself.
10	Q. Tell me what your on shift consumed of.
11	A. Your power center, you know, there at the
12	mule train, your chargers, your ventilation.
13	Q. When you say ventilation, what?
14	A. Like your last open break, your curtains,
15	making sure all your curtains was up, making sure
16	we had, you know, the right air.
17	Q. Anything else? I'm not trying to trick
18	you. I'm just seeing if you had anything else to
19	say on the on shift?
20	A. Just your overall, you know, condition of
21	the section, you know, as far as like outby the
22	face. That's about it.
23	Q. On the other longwalls where they had the
24	cribs sitting down through there, did the air split

1	at the tail in the tail entry? Some of it go to
2	the break inby and some of it go to the break outby
3	or what?
4	A. To my knowledge, you know, I didn't start
5	bossing until, like I said, until I came to this
6	one.
7	Our previous panels, I had never asked, I
8	never really got into as to what the air was doing.
9	I was always told that our air was coming off the
10	tail and shooting straight down that tail entry.
11	That was the way I was always explained as
12	to what
13	Q. When you say "down," the tail entry down
14	to the next crosscut or all the way down?
15	A. It went all the way down from the way I
16	was always told.
17	Q. What did it do on this one, do you know?
18	A. This one here? It would go outby to the
19	next crosscut, and then it would come over to your
20	next entry, at which point it would go inby toward
21	the
22	Q. What did the air do outby at that point in
23	the tailgate entry?
24	A. This right here? Like right here?

1	Q. Yeah, tailgate entry, uh-huh.
2	A. It was pretty much like a almost like a
3	neutral. You didn't have a whole lot of air coming
4	here. Your air was all over here coming inby
5	toward the fan.
6	Q. Okay. So you didn't have much coming up
7	the tailgate?
8	A. No. No, none at all.
9	Q. Was that supposed to be intake air or what
10	kind, do you know?
11	A. I was always told it was return air coming
12	from, like, the sections on outby, you know, outby.
13	Q. Okay. You said that and I know you
14	was, you know, you was a young boss, supervisor,
15	and we've most of us has been in those shoes.
16	Where you broke shaft within just a few
17	minutes apart, you seemed to be very concerned
18	about when you went outside?
19	A. We had people in management, in my
20	opinion, that they don't know a whole lot about
21	coal mining. In my opinion, they only know of
22	numbers on paper.
23	And when they see something like that,
24	then they want to know what happened. And trying

1	to tell them, it's like it goes in one ear and out
2	the other.
3	Q. I understand.
4	A. So that was kind of why I had intentions
5	on taking bits out, you know, that way I could show
6	them myself, you know, what it is.
7	Q. I've been in your shoes, and I've worked
8	for some of those guys, and
9	Did any of those guys ever call in and
10	say, get on coal or anything like that when things
11	wasn't right or come in?
12	A. No, no. Nobody ever said nothing to me.
13	Like I said, I only bossed for just a few
14	weeks. I don't think I bossed long enough to have
15	them start hollering, you know, to
16	Q. They was giving you a chance?
17	A. Yeah.
18	Q. What about on your 30-minute report, you
19	had to call out?
20	A. Call out, yes.
21	Q. Who called it out?
22	A. I would call it out or my headgate man
23	would call it out. And that 30-minute report, all
24	that was, was your footage and, like, how many

1	passes you had, and it was also your downtime, how
2	much downtime you had within, you know, that half
3	hour.
4	Q. Kind of a production?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. 30-minute production report?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. If you was ever late, they would holler at
9	you?
10	A. Yeah. They would usually start hollering
11	if you was five minutes late. I think the
12	dispatcher, he would holler.
13	From what I was always told, the main
14	office hadn't called yet, you know, the dispatcher,
15	he's calling to keep the main office from calling
16	him. That's what I was always told.
17	Q. Sure.
18	You said dispatch. What about on day
19	shift?
20	A. It would be Greg. Greg would usually call
21	our purchasing guy. And then evening shift
22	dispatcher, he would call if you didn't call out.
23	Q. Who is Greg?
24	A. Greg Clay.

1	Q. Would Greg call you or call on a section
2	of longwall?
3	A. Yeah, he would call on a section.
4	Q. Where did that production report go, do
5	you have any idea?
6	A. As far as I know, it went to the main
7	office, and then from there, I think they would fax
8	it to, I guess, the main headquarters. Massey
9	headquarters, I guess.
10	Q. Sure.
11	A. Now I don't know if they, that half-hour
12	report, I don't know if that's something that the
13	main headquarters of Massey wanted. I think that
14	was just something that I think Chris Blanchard
15	wanted. I was told that.
16	Q. Did you ever see him up on a longwall?
17	A. Just a couple times.
18	Q. Did he ever have anything to say?
19	A. I don't think I talked to him. I try to
20	avoid him.
21	Q. Just want to do your job; right?
22	A. Yeah.
23	Q. What about Whitehead? You ever see
24	Whitehead up there?

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1	And if I pull my detector just a couple
2	feet away from there, it almost goes away.
3	As far as the crack that's on the tail
4	entry itself, I think the first couple weeks that
5	we were underground, myself and the inspector that
6	was with me, I think we put it down there once,
7	and, you know, we didn't get anything.
8	I think there was a couple cracks down at
9	the cut through that runs from one side of the cut
10	through to the other.
11	We've done it there, just putting our
12	spotter down there next to it, and, you know, we
13	haven't picked up anything.
14	As far as everywhere else on the tail, I
15	to me, looking at it just looks like the bottom
16	hooved up, you know, nothing out of the ordinary.
17	Q. Okay. So the cracks that you talked about
18	where you would put your spotter to detect gas,
19	that was actually back in the shield, so that was
20	on the face?
21	A. On the face.
22	Q. Not out into the tailgate entry?
23	A. No.
24	Q. Okay. The water supply to the shearer,

1	when the shearer is operating normally, I assume
2	there is water turned on?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. If the face goes on for any reason, who
5	shuts the water off?
6	A. The headgate man shuts the water off.
7	Q. Does he do that on his own or does he wait
8	to be called to shut that off?
9	A. Kind of both. He it's kind of standard
10	for him to do it on his own because he knows that
11	if the line goes off for some reason, if the
12	shearer is broke down, you know, something is broke
13	down. And with the shearer crew, if they turn the
14	shearer off, if they shut the line off, they have
15	still got water spraying everywhere.
16	So that headgate operator, to keep them
17	from hollering down at him, you know, to turn the
18	water off, you know, of course, using some other
19	words, but he'll shut that water off before they
20	start hollering at him.
21	So that's kind have got to a standard
22	thing. But from time to time, the headgate man, he
23	might be on the face and the line all of a sudden
24	go off, and it's going to take him, you know, a

1	little bit of time to get back there to the
2	headgate and turn the water off. So sometimes, you
3	know, he don't make it there before they start
4	hollering.
5	Q. He gets yelled at?
6	A. Yeah.
7	Q. Okay. You talked about the 30-minute call
8	out. On the weekends when you're out there, who do
9	you give that 30-minute call out to?
10	A. The same. You still have Greg Clay. I'm
11	pretty sure he works Saturdays. I don't know, it
12	seems almost a year now. I can't really
13	remember if he worked Saturdays or not.
14	Q. Okay.
15	A. But if it wasn't him, it would be the
16	dispatcher that you call out to.
17	Q. Okay. To your knowledge, every time that
18	30-minute call out is made, is that information
19	recorded? Is it written down?
20	A. To my knowledge, it was, you know, by the
21	guy that we were calling to, the dispatcher or
22	Greg. To my knowledge, you know, yeah, they would
23	write it down on a paper them self.
24	Q. Would they say something to give you some

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1 indication they was writing it down? 2 They would sometimes, you know, ask for it Α. 3 to be repeated. You know, if they didn't quite 4 understand something, they would want it to be 5 clarified, I quess. 6 Or especially if we were broke down, you 7 know, they would try to get -- get a good number, 8 an amount of time as to when we would be back to running coal. 9 10 But, yeah, I always assumed that they were 11 writing it down. 12 Okay. The longwall crew and the longwall 0. 13 face boss, were you responsible for any work off of 14 the section on a normal operating shift? 15 Α. No, not off the section. 16 If your belt line needed to be rock Q. 17 dusted, was that the longwall crew's 18 responsibility? 19 No, that was usually outby. Α. 20 We had fire bosses that would normally 21 walk the belt, and we never -- we were never tasked 22 with doing anything to the belt line, you know, as 23 far as, like, rock dusting or anything like that, 24 we were never told to do that.

1 I think that kind of fell on the hoot owl 2 crew, the third shift, like the supply crew, the 3 motor crew quys. If not them, I quess day shift 4 or, you know, some day shift outby crew, you know. That's the only thing I could think of. 5 But as far as us coal crews, we were never 6 7 tasked with anything like that. 8 0. Who in management would be responsible for 9 those outby crews to see that the dusting was, in 10 fact, performed? 11 Most likely the foreman, the mine foreman, Α. 12 superintendent. I know Jack Roles is the longwall 13 coordinator, which, I quess, he's kind of like the 14 longwall superintendent, you know. 15 Of course, you know, he's not the 16 superintendent of the mines, but, you know, he's in 17 charge of longwall. 18 The mine superintendent, he normally would 19 leave the longwall alone. If he had something 20 about the longwall, he would usually tell Jack, and 21 then Jack would go from there, I guess, you know, 22 take care of it. 23 As far as, like, the rock dusting, you 24 know, the belt line, that was usually put in the
1	fire boss books that the longwall, we didn't	
2	deal with, you know, it was always the people in	
3	the mines, I mean, outby guys, I guess.	
4	Q. So you, as a face boss with the crew up on	
5	the longwall, if there was hazardous conditions	
6	noted in the examination books, would you expect	
7	that upper management at the mine would see that	
8	those hazardous conditions were corrected?	
9	A. Yeah.	
10	Q. Is it fair to say you would depend on	
11	those members of management to get those conditions	
12	corrected?	
13	A. Yeah.	
14	MR. CRIPPS: Okay. That's all I got for	
15	right now.	
16	EXAMINATION	
17	BY MR. BECK:	
18	Q. Just got a couple of quick ones.	
19	Other than Easter Sunday, did the longwall	
20	produce coal on Sundays on a normal basis?	
21	A. Yes. Because, like I said, we worked a	
22	swing shift.	
23	Q. Six days	
24	A. Six and three.	

1	Q. But it was a seven day a week production?	
2	A. Yes.	
3	Q. How about the miner sections, do you know	
4	if they did?	
5	A. I know the Number 1 section, which was on	
6	Headgate 22, I believe they ran a six and three	
7	schedule, the same as us.	
8	Q. So it would be a seven day a	
9	week production job?	
10	A. Yes. But as far as the other coal crews,	
11	I think they were just on a Monday through Saturday	
12	thing.	
13	Q. I know you said you were only bossing	
14	about four weeks. Did anyone ever tell you, Mike,	
15	we expect X amount of passes off you per shift, per	
16	your shift?	
17	A. No. No, nobody said that.	
18	Q. How would you know if you had a good shift	
19	or a bad shift?	
20	A. When we first started the panel, you know,	
21	we were running pretty good, seven, eight cuts a	
22	shift, you know. We had more coal on the face, you	
23	know, we didn't have as much rock.	
24	But as we came further out, you know,	

1	with the coal seam would get thinner, and then	
2	you would start getting into more rock.	
3	And after we got into the sandstone, you	
4	know, it cut us down into three, four cuts a	
5	shift. And, like I said, you know, we had been	
6	into it for about four weeks.	
7	You know, at that point, I think	
8	management realized that, you know, we're in a	
9	pretty bad condition and there ain't nothing we can	
10	do about it except, you know, keep going through	
11	it.	
12	Q. When you would stop to set bits, would it	
13	be typically the whole drum you would change or	
14	just cleaned it?	
15	A. Most times it was the whole drum.	
16	Q. How long of a downtime would that incur?	
17	A. Usually if you change a full set on both	
18	ends, it would usually take 20 to 30 minutes. You	
19	know, that's with the shearer operators changing	
20	the bits, the electricians checking the grease,	
21	checking the oil. Normally, a full drum, it would	
22	take about 20 to 30 minutes.	
23	Q. How many bits would that be?	
24	A. A full drum is 48 bits per drum, so	

1 MR. BECK: Thanks, Mike. That's all I 2 have. MR. KOERBER: John, you got anything? 3 4 MR. O'BRIEN: No. 5 MR. KOERBER: Norman? MR. PAGE: No. 6 7 MR. CRIPPS: I'm thinking. 8 MR. MCCUSKEY: While he's thinking, may I 9 ask if we might clarify? 10 MR. KOERBER: Yes. Go right ahead. 11 EXAMINATION 12 BY MR. MCCUSKEY: 13 A number of questions were asked about you 0. 14 detecting methane in cracks along the wall, and I 15 would just like to make sure it was clear on the 16 record. 17 Do I understand that all the testing you 18 were referring to in finding methane in cracks or 19 not finding it, that those all were tests that have 20 taken place since the explosion? 21 Α. Yeah. 22 MR. CRIPPS: I'm going to ask you one more 23 question, Mike. 24

1	EXAMINATION	
2	BY MR. CRIPPS:	
3	Q. Let me figure out how I want to word	
4	this. I asked you earlier about upper management	
5	and taking care of the hazards outby the sections	
6	where you guys were up there, you as a face boss	
7	fulfilling your duties as looking out for the	
8	health and safety of the men working for you.	
9	You volunteered your opinion earlier of	
10	management. I'm just going to ask you to volunteer	
11	it again. Whether you answer it or not, that's	
12	strictly up to you.	
13	But with the conditions of the mine with	
14	what happened on April 5th, do you feel upper	
15	management at that mine was fulfilling their duties	
16	to protect the safety and health of all those men	
17	on day shift on April the 5th?	
18	A. I felt that they were. You know, we had	
19	some people in management that were really good	
20	that you could rely on, and, again, you had some	
21	that didn't know what they were doing, you know,	
22	which for the most part, you know, you wouldn't go	
23	to them if you ever had a concern, you know.	
24	But on the longwall, we had always been a	

1	pretty tight group. We had always kind of took	
2	care of each other.	
3	And then we had the guys that would back	
4	us up on that, as far as like Jack Roles or	
5	especially Wayne, Wayne Persinger. He was the vice	
6	president at the time this happened.	
7	And for him to be a vice president and	
8	somebody that the miners underground can look up to	
9	and respect, you know, it's kind of rare. Because	
10	a lot of times the president or vice president,	
11	they are college people that don't know a lot about	
12	coal mining and you can't rely on them for a lot of	
13	stuff.	
14	But that's my opinion. I mean, I thought,	
15	you know, Wayne and them, they were doing a good	
16	job to us. I mean	
17	Q. What was Chris Blanchard's position?	
18	A. President.	
19	Q. He was the	
20	A. He was the president.	
21	Q. So is he the top dog at the mine?	
22	A. Yes.	
23	Q. Okay. And I think you said earlier when	
24	you would see him, you just try to avoid him	

Q not talk to him?	
So I confer that when you say there's some	
people that didn't know much, you just didn't talk	
to them?	
A. Yes.	
Q. And Blanchard was one of them?	
A. Yes.	
Q. Okay. Very good.	
MR. CRIPPS: Thanks, Mike. I'm done.	
MR. KOERBER: John?	
MR. O'BRIEN: I'm done.	
MR. KOERBER: Norman? John? John	
McCuskey, do you have anything you want	
MR. MCCUSKEY: No. Except for a request	
for a transcript that I	
Mike, we talked about this before.	
THE WITNESS: Okay.	
MR. MCCUSKEY: That's you would like a	
copy of these transcripts. Sign that and I'll make	
it a part of this record and maybe we can get you a	
copy one of these days.	
THE WITNESS: Okay.	
MS. HAMPTON: Marking this as Exhibit 4.	

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1	(Exhibit No. 4 marked for	
2	identification.)	
3	MR. KOERBER: Anything else, John?	
4	MR. MCCUSKEY: No.	
5	MR. KOERBER: Mr. Webb, at this point in	
6	time, if you have any comments you would like to	
7	make, any statements you would like to make or	
8	anything you would like to add, anything you would	
9	like to clarify, any questions you might have, now	
10	is your time to speak. The floor is yours.	
11	THE WITNESS: No, I can't think of	
12	anything.	
13	MR. KOERBER: With that, we'll go off the	
14	record, and I thank you.	
15	(Interview concluded.)	
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1 STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA, To-wit:

I, Jenny Taylor, a Notary Public and Court
Reporter within and for the State aforesaid, duly
commissioned and do hereby certify that the
interview of MICHAEL P. WEBB was duly taken by me
and before me at the time and place specified in
the caption hereof.

8 I do further certify that said proceedings
9 were correctly taken by me in stenotype notes,
10 that the same were accurately transcribed out in
11 full and true record of the testimony given by
12 said witness.

13 I further certify that I am neither attorney 14 or counsel for, nor related to or employed by, 15 any of the parties to the action in which these 16 proceedings were had, and further I am not a 17 relative or employee of any attorney or counsel 18 employed by the parties hereto or financially 19 interested in the action. 20 My commission expires the 6th day of March 2019.

21 Given under my hand and seal this 14th day of February 2011.
22

23

24

Jenny Taylor Notary Public

WEST VIRGINIA MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

IN THE MATTER OF:

THE INVESTIGATION OF THE APRIL 5, 2010 MINE EXPLOSION AT UPPER BIG BRANCH MINE

ERRATA SHEET

I, MIKE WEBB, have read the foregoing pages of my deposition given on February 11, 2011, and wish to make the following, if any, amendments, additions, deletions, or corrections:

PAGE/LINE CORRECTION	ON AND REASON FOR CORRECTION
29/11 "wasnt"	should be "was"; add "He was my
immediate supervisor	but I dedn't call aut reports to him
31/22 "sprayed	" shall be "was straight"
* ₁	
	5
	Mittlewill MIKE WEBB
STATE OF WEST WIDCHILA	
SOLDER R. Law	
COUNTY OF Mareigh	4 k
Subscribed and sworn to before	re me this 25° day of August, 2011.
	Notary Public
My Commission Expires: Febraa,	VI, 2 0 18 State of West Virginia Richard J. LiPUMA Samart's Court Reporting Service Charles SL. Suite 614 Peoples Bio. Charles SL. Suite 614 Peoples Bio. Charles SL. Suite 614 Peoples Bio.
	Transform My datasets president Petruary 11, 2018 -