NAME_____ **EMT-MINING PATIENT ASSESSMENT – MEDICAL**

SCENE SIZE UP			
Takes, or verbalizes body substance isolation precautions		1	
Determines the scene is safe		1	
Nature of illness		1	
Determines the number of patients		1	
Request additional help if necessary		1	
Considers stabilization of spine		1	
INITIAL ASSESSMENT			
Verbalizes general impression of patient		1	
Determines responsiveness		1	
Perform rapid scan of:			
Airway	Opens and assesses airway	1	
	Inserts adjunct as indicated	1	
Breathing	Assess adequate breathing	1	
	Initiate appropriate oxygen therapy	1	
	Manage any injury which may compromise breathing	1	
Circulation	Assess Pulse	1	
	Check for life threatening bleeding	1	
	Assesses skin (color, temperature and condition)	1	
Make transport decision (Will patient need to be transported)		1	
HISTORY TAKING			
Signs and Symptoms		1	
Allergies		1	
Medications		1	
Past pertinent history		1	
Last oral intake		1	
Event leading to present illness (rule out trauma)		1	
Performs focused physical examination (assesses affected part/system or, if indicated completes rapid assessment)		1	
SECONDARY ASSESSMENT			
Vital Signs (Obtain Base Line Vitals Blood Pressure, Pulse, Respiration)		1	
Verbalizes the consideration for completing a detailed physical examination		1	
Transport (re-evaluates the transport decision)		1	
Interventions		1	
REASSESSMENT			
Repeat Primary Assessment		1	
Reassess Vital Signs		1	
Reassess Chief Complaint		1	
Recheck effectiveness of treatment		1	
Identify changes in patients condition		1	
	Reassess Patient:		
	Stable Patient every 15 minutes		
	Unstable Patient every 5 minutes		
	TOTAL	33	

Critical Criteria:

_____Failure to complete more than one of the following will result in failing this skill station

_____Did not take, or verbalize body substance isolation precautions when necessary

_____Did not provide high concentration of oxygen

_____Did not find or manage problems associated with airway, breathing, hemorrhage or shock

_____Did not differentiate patient's need for transport versus continued assessment at scene

_____Did secondary survey or history taking before assessing airway, breathing & circulation

_____Did not ask questions about the present illness